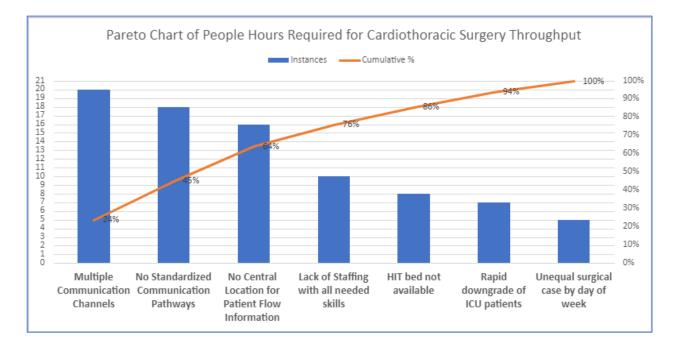
# TIME IS NOT REFUNDABLE! OPTIMIZING CARDIAC SURGERY PATIENT THROUGHPUT Aaron Lamale, MSN, BA, RN, FNP, AGACNP-BC, Cardiothoracic Surgery Advanced Practice Provider<sup>1</sup>, Corinne Rosenberg, MMSc, PA-C, Manager of Advanced Practice, Cardiovascular 强 🖡 Intensive Care Unit<sup>1</sup>, Salma Mansour, MSN, MBA, RN, ACNP-BC, LSSGB, Hospital Operations Center Manager<sup>2</sup>, Nathalie Cheng, MS, LSSBB, ASQ CQA, Senior Quality Consultant<sup>3</sup>

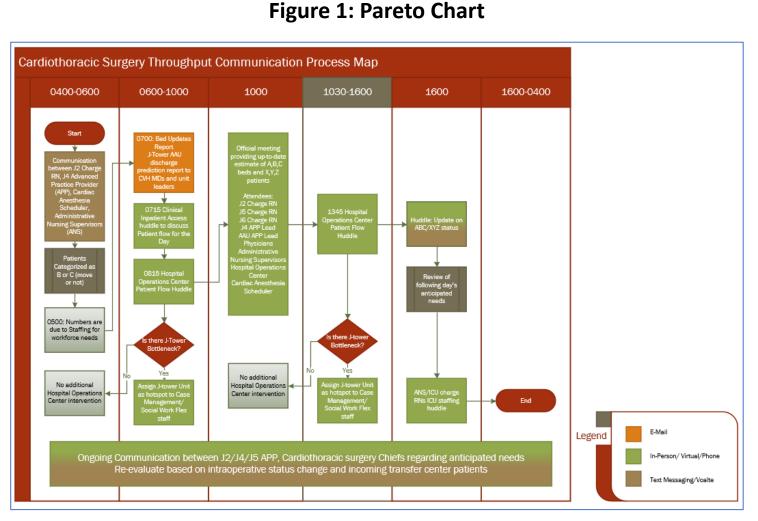
# Learning Objectives

- ✓ Apply communication methods to relieve patient congestion from operating rooms to intensive care units.
- ✓ Describe elements of the interactive dashboard that assist with throughput and capacity management
- ✓ Describe a multi-disciplinary approach to addressing patient flow bottlenecks in a surgical service line

## **Problem Statement**

Efficient patient flow and capacity management are essential to the success of any health care organization. The opening of Stanford Health Care's new adult hospital increased operating room (O.R.) capacity, but the cardiac surgery service quickly identified a bottleneck in transferring patients from the O.R. into intensive care unit beds. The need for immediate resolution drove multiple clinical stakeholders to develop an effective patient flow and throughput process.





### **Figure 2: Cardiothoracic Surgery Communication Pathway**

### Goals

- ✓ Decrease delayed cardiac surgery first case starts 5% (from 15% to 10%).
- ✓ Decrease O.R. bed holds 6% (from 18% to 12%).
- ✓ Reduce the average number of daily Cardiothoracic Surgery throughput communications between involved parties from 180 to 135 (25% decrease).

- and equipment needed.

A: Oper B: Read C: Likely
<b>X:</b> 1 <sup>st</sup> sta <b>Y:</b> 2 <sup>nd</sup> st <b>Z:</b> Emer
Fig -
CVH Capacit Level of Care Group: Not se Current Occupancy
CVH Message Boar CVH Bedboard J2: A: 1
B: 1 C: 2
Occupancy Breakdo
Total   C     J2   24     J4   20     J5   22     J6   22     J7   22     M7   22     Overall   132
Patients on ECMO Last Refresh: 06:54:36 AM Ø Report completed: Department J2
Count unique values Total count
Incoming and Out   Last Refresh: 06:55:37 AM   This section shows patients   Report   Patien   P   P   P   P   P   P   P   P   P   P   P   P   P
Transfer Center I Last Refresh: 06:56:37 AI This section shows patier Pat Report Na

# **Changes Implemented**

✓ Short term changes implemented in the Electronic Health Record (EHR) Unit Manager to allow the multi-disciplinary team to identify incoming and outgoing transfers, while improving timeline accuracy of surgical case closure and patient acuity based on specific cardiovascular parameters

✓ Educating multi-disciplinary teams on utilizing the unit manager to improve patient flow visibility.

✓ Long term goal achieved by creating a service line specific dynamic dashboard in the EHR.

> A: Open Bed dy to Transfer ly ready to transfer by end of shift art case

> > tart case rgency case (i.e., ECMO, Type A, Transplant)

### gure 3: Cardiothoracic Surgery **Throughput Nomenclature**

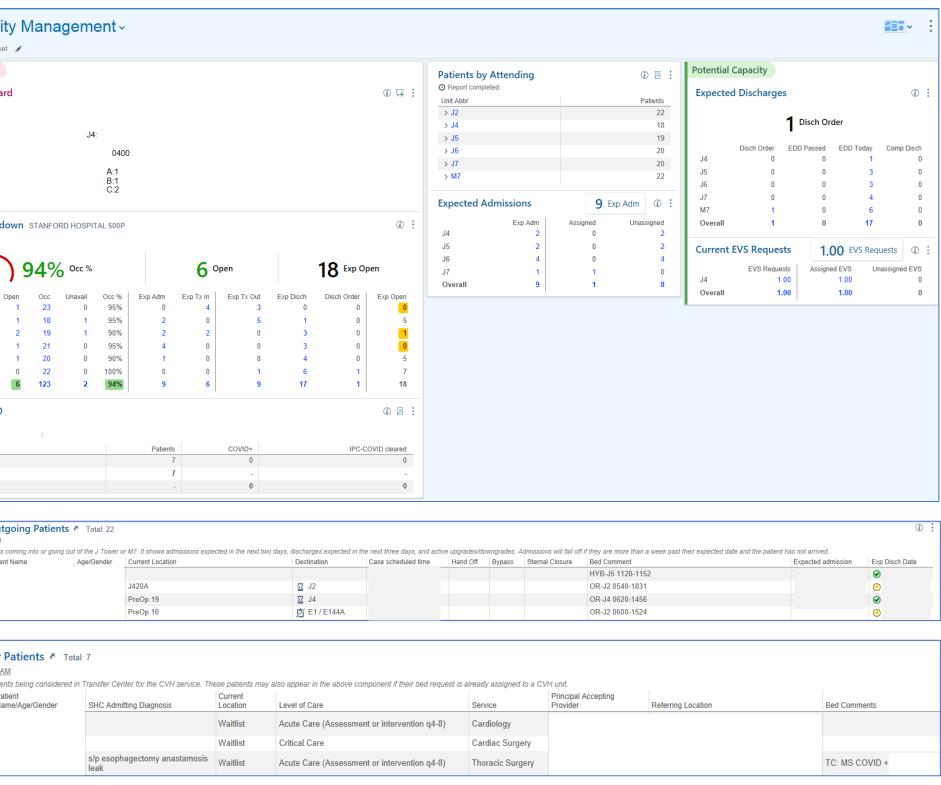
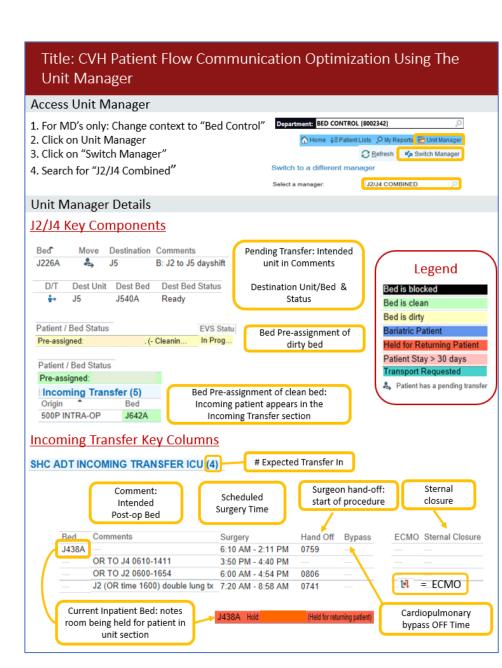


Figure 5: Cardiovascular Health Capacity Dashboard



### Figure 4: Changes to Unit Manager

# reduction.

- ✓ Improved multidisciplinary engagement with the patient throughput process, leading to increased team satisfaction and enhanced productivity.
- $\checkmark$  Increased visibility and transparency of patient flow data in real time.
- Throughput capacity improved through deployment of an interactive communication system, including an innovative and interactive patient-level capacity dashboard.

# Challenges

- ✓ Obtaining communication data was challenging due to various communication modalities and lack of consistent tracking.
- ✓ Frequent modifications and updates needed to upkeep dashboard access and utilization. ✓ Security access through the EHR did not allow for inclusive views by the team of the unit manager. ✓ Unique service line processes required additional customizations to the standard EHR template.

- even earlier.

The success of this project would not have been possible without the collaboration and support of Sri Seshadri, Joseph Woo, Alan Yeung, Charlene Kell, Jake Shepherd, Martin Angst, Jack Boyd, Charles Hill, Maia Bucoy-Duque, Tony Mendez, Richard Quitevis, Anson Lee, Dennis Manzanades, Pauline Regner, Trinie Harris, Emily Holt and ANS Team, Vidya Rao, Jessica Brodt and CT Anesthesia schedulers, Lauren Bianchi, Michael Otlin, Rana Chowdhury, Ted Tang, Makenzie Stanberry, Megan Atashroo, Purnima Krishna.

<sup>1</sup>Department of Cardiothoracic Surgery; <sup>2</sup>Hospital Operations Center; <sup>3</sup>Destination Cardiovascular Service line Quality The authors have no relevant financial relationships to disclose.



### Outcomes

- ✓ Exceeded goal of reducing delayed cardiac surgery first start cases by 5%, achieving an 8%
- ✓ O.R. Bed holds decreased 14%, surpassing project goal of a 6% reduction.
- ✓ Realized a 44% reduction in the number of daily J-tower throughput communications, from 180 to 100 - reclaiming an annual 520 hours (target was 25%).

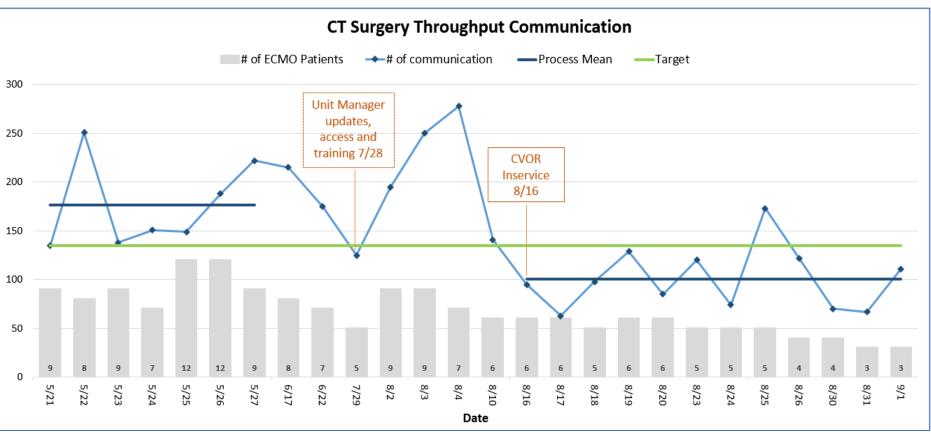


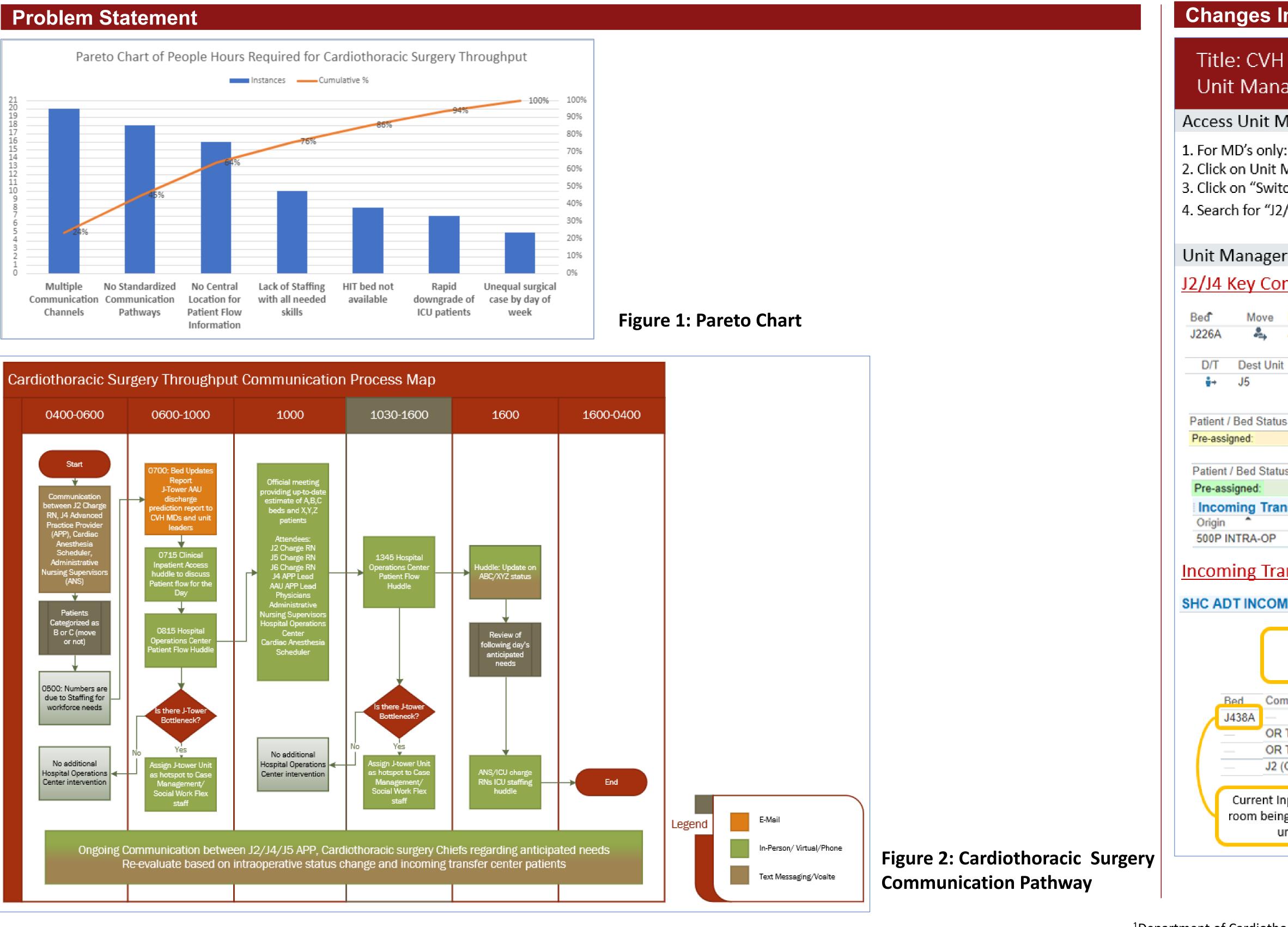
Figure 6: Cardiothoracic Surgery Throughput Communication

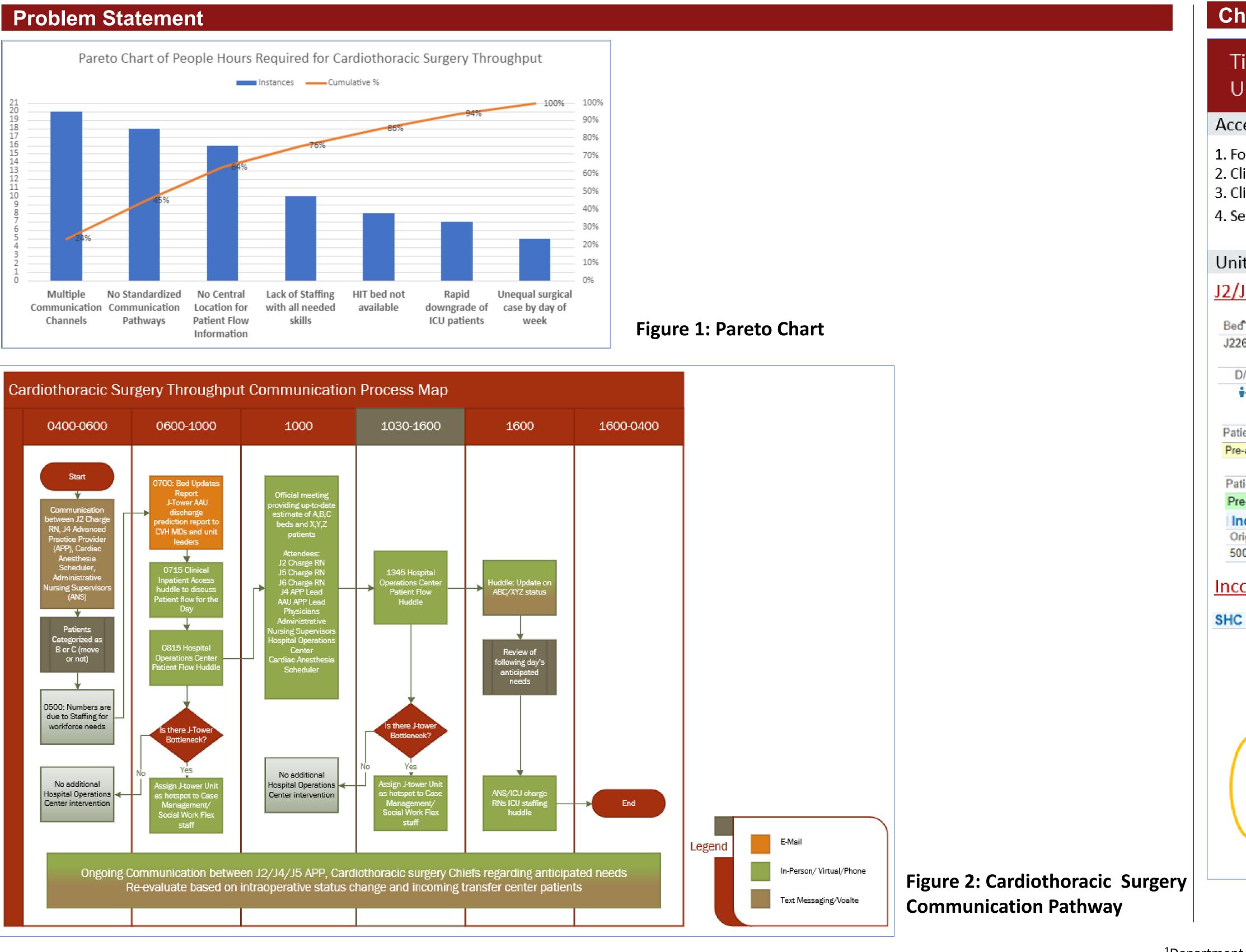
# Sustainability and Future State

✓ 15 months after project launch, team upholds interventions averaging 5% and O.R. holds at 10%. ✓ Communication practice change has remained and improved through the use of the dashboard. ✓ Cardiovascular Health Capacity Management dashboard is used daily during the morning huddle and known to be the source of truth for all cardiovascular service patient flow and throughput. ✓ The team is currently exploring Artificial Intelligence/machine learning implementation into the cardiac surgery capacity management dashboard. The addition of a predictive model would assist in occupancy forecast for the next day, improving the ability for early bottleneck intervention

# **Thank You**

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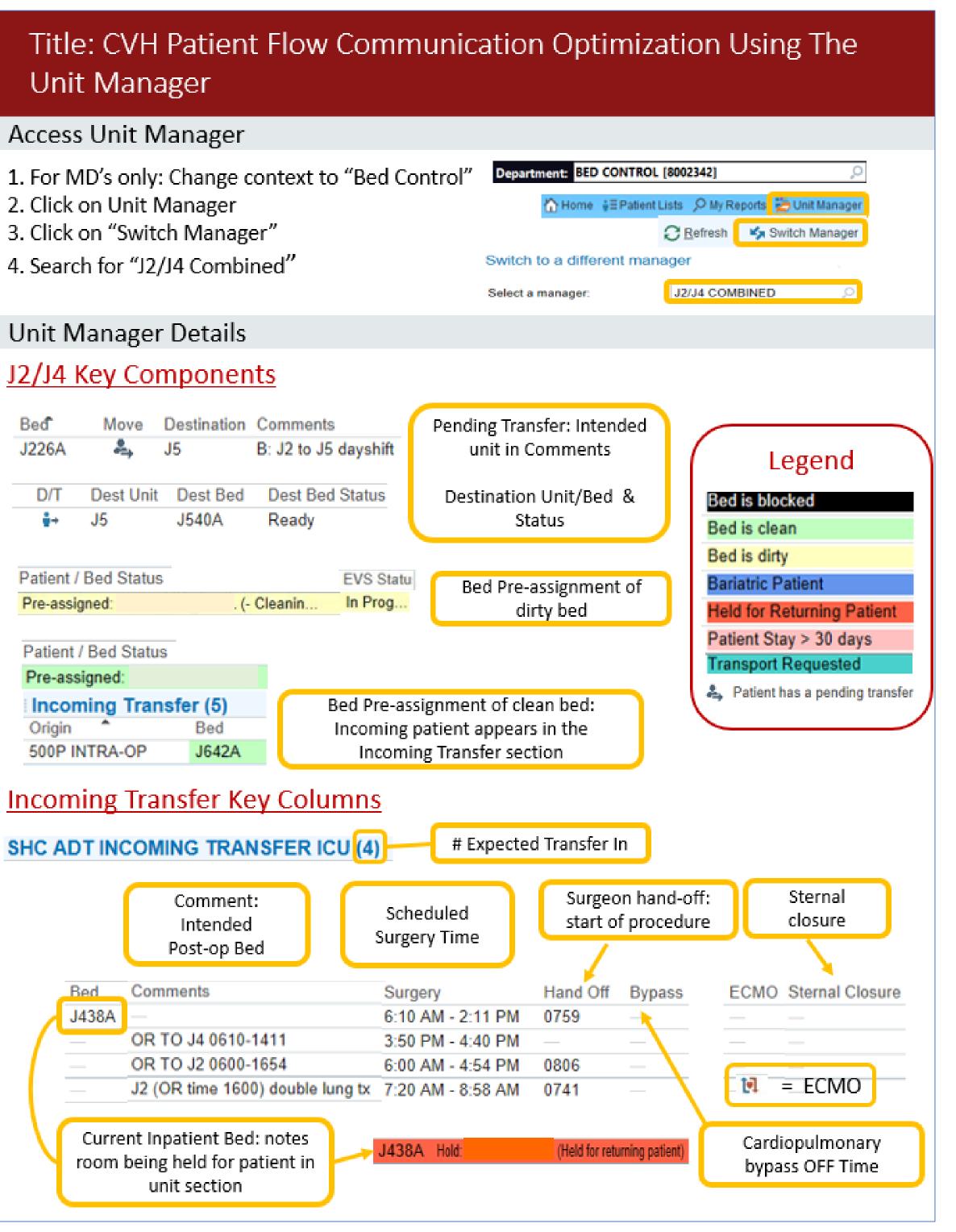
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Bed

J438A



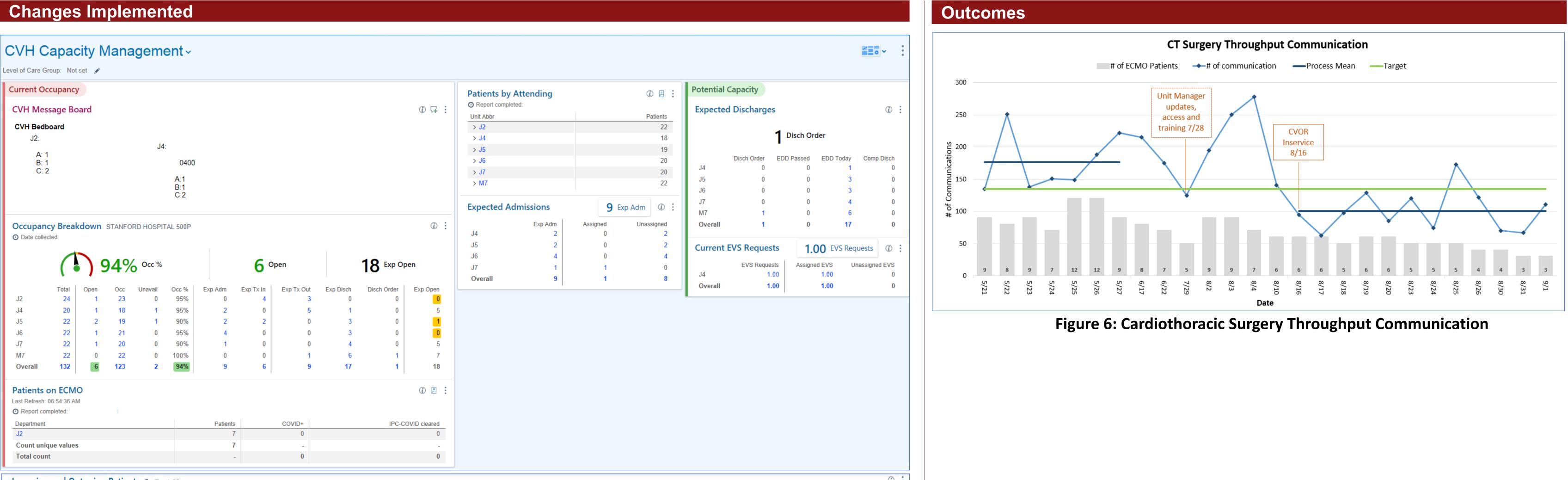
### **Changes Implemented**



## **Figure 4: Changes to Unit Manager**

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### Incoming and Outgoing Patients 🖉 Total: 22

Last Refresh: 06:55:37 AM

This section shows patients coming into or going out of the J Tower or M7. It shows admissions expected in the next two days, discharges expected in the next three days, and active upgrades/downgrades. Admissions will fall off if they are more than a week past their expected date and the patient has not arrived.												
	Report	Patient Name	Age/Gender	Current Location	Destination	Case scheduled time	Hand Off	Bypass	Sternal Closure	Bed Comment	Expected admission	Exp Disch Date
<u> </u>	E									HYB-J5 1128-1152	;	$\odot$
<u> </u>	E			J420A	<u>∑</u> J2					OR-J2 0540-1831		0
<u> </u>	E			PreOp 19	∑ J4					OR-J4 0620-1456		$\odot$
<b>/</b>	E			PreOp 16	🖞 E1/E144A					OR-J2 0600-1524		0

### Transfer Center Patients C Total: 7

### Last Refresh: 06:56:37 AM

This section shows patients being considered in Transfer Center for the CVH service. These patients may also appear in the above component if their bed request is already assign

	Report	Patient Name/Age/Gender	SHC Admitting Diagnosis	Current Location	Level of Care	Service
	9			Waitlist	Acute Care (Assessment or intervention q4-8)	Cardiology
Ë	2			Waitlist	Critical Care	Cardiac Surg
i i	E		s/p esophagectomy anastamosis leak	Waitlist	Acute Care (Assessment or intervention q4-8)	Thoracic Sur

### Figure 5: Cardiovascular Health Capacity Dashboard

0

ned to a CVH unit.							
	Principal Accepting Provider	Referring Location	Bed Comments				
1							
urgery							
Burgery			TC: MS COVID +				

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